- (h) Interest earned on advances. (1) An interest liability shall accrue on advance payments between Federal agencies and State governments, as provided by the Cash Management Improvement Act (31 U.S.C. 6501, et seq.) and implementing regulations at 31 CFR part 205.
- (2) Each recipient and subrecipient shall account for interest earned on advances of Federal funds as program income, as provided at §627.450 of this part, Program income.

## § 627.435 Cost principles and allowable costs.

- (a) General. To be allowable, a cost shall be necessary and reasonable for the proper and efficient administration of the program, be allocable to the program, and, except as provided herein, not be a general expense required to carry out the overall responsibilities of the Governor or a governmental subrecipient. Costs charged to the program shall be accorded consistent treatment through application of generally accepted accounting principles appropriate to the JTPA program, as determined by the Governor.
- (b) Whether a cost is charged as a direct cost or as an indirect cost shall be determined in accordance with the descriptions of direct and indirect costs contained in the OMB Circulars identified in DOL's regulations at 29 CFR 97.22(b).
- (c) Costs allocable to another Federal grant, JTPA program, or cost category may not be shifted to a JTPA grant, subgrant, program, or cost category to overcome fund deficiencies, avoid restrictions imposed by law or grant agreements, or for other reasons.
- (d) Applicable credits such as rebates, discounts, refunds, and overpayment adjustments, as well as interest earned on any of them, shall be credited as a reduction of costs if received during the same funding period that the cost was initially charged. Credits received after the funding period shall be returned to the Department as provided for at §627.490(b).
- (e) The following costs are not allowable charges to the JTPA program:
- (1) Costs of fines and penalties resulting from violations of, or failure to

- comply with, Federal, State, or local laws and regulations;
- (2) Back pay, unless it represents additional pay for JTPA services performed for which the individual was underpaid;
  - (3) Éntertainment costs;
  - (4) Bad debts expense;
- (5) Insurance policies offering protection against debts established by the Federal Government;
- (6) Contributions to a contingency reserve or any similar provision for unforeseen events;
- (7) Costs prohibited by 29 CFR part 93 (Lobbying Restrictions) or costs of any salaries or expenses related to any activity designed to influence legislation or appropriations pending before the Congress of the United States; and
- (8) Costs of activities prohibited in §627.205, Public service employment prohibition; §627.210, Nondiscrimination and nonsectarian activities; §627.215, Relocation; §627.225, Employment generating activities; and §627.230, Displacement, of this part.
- (f)(1) The cost of legal expenses required in the administration of grant programs is allowable. Legal expenses include the expenses incurred by the JTPA system in the establishment and maintenance of a grievance system, including the costs of hearings and appeals, and related expenses such as lawyers' fees. Legal expenses does not include costs resulting from, and after, the grievance process such as fines and penalties, which are not allowable, and settlement costs, which are allowable to the extent that such costs included in the settlement would have been allowable if charged to the JTPA program at the time they were incurred.
- (2) Legal services furnished by the chief legal officer of a State or local government or staff solely for the purpose of discharging general responsibilities as a legal officer are unallowable.
- (3) Legal expenses for the prosecution of claims against the Federal Government, including appeals to an Administrative Law Judge, are unallowable.
- (g) Costs of travel and incidental expenses incurred by volunteers are allowable provided such costs are incurred for activities that are generally consistent with section 204(c)(6) of the Act.

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- (h) Contributions to a reserve for a self-insurance program, to the extent that the type and extent of coverage and the rates and premiums would have been allowed had insurance been purchased to cover the risks, are allowable.
- (i) The Governor shall prescribe and implement guidelines on allowable costs for SDA, SSG, and statewide programs that are consistent with the cost principles and allowable costs provisions of paragraphs (a) through (h) of this section and that include, at a minimum, provisions that specify the extent to which the following cost items are allowable or unallowable JTPA costs and, if allowable, guidelines on conditions or the extent of allowability, documentation requirements, and any prior approval requirements applicable to such cost items:
- (1) Compensation for personal services of staff, including wages, salaries, supplementary compensation, and fringe benefits;
- (2) Costs incurred by the SJTCC, HRIC, PIC's, and other advisory councils or committees;
  - (3) Advertising costs;
- (4) Depreciation and/or use allowances;
  - (5) Printing and reproduction costs;
  - (6) Interest expense;
- (7) Expenditures for transportation and travel;
- (8) Payments to OJT employers, training institutions, and other vendors;
  - (9) Fees or profits;
- (10) Insurance costs, including insurance coverage for injuries suffered by participants who are not covered by existing workers' compensation, and personal liability insurance for PIC members:
  - (11) Acquisitions of capital assets;
- (12) Building space costs, including rent, repairs, and alterations;
  - (13) Pre-agreement costs;
  - (14) Fund-raising activities;
- (15) Professional services, including organizational management studies conducted by outside individuals or firms; and
  - (16) Taxes.

## §627.440 Classification of costs.

- (a) Allowable costs for programs under title II and title III shall be charged (allocated) to a particular cost objective/category to the extent that benefits are received by such cost objective/category. Joint and similar types of costs may be charged initially to a cost pool used for the accumulation of such costs pending distribution in due course to the ultimate benefiting cost objective/category. The classification of costs for programs under title III of the Act are set forth at §631.13 of this chapter, Classification of costs at State and substate levels.
- (b) For State-administered programs under Title II, the State is required to plan, control, and charge expenditures against the following cost objectives/categories:
- (1) Titles II-A and II-C (combined)—capacity building and technical assistance (sections 202(c)(1)(B) and 262(c)(1)(B) of the Act to carry out activities pursuant to sections 202(c)(3)(A) and 262(c)(3)(A) of the Act);
- (2) Titles II-A and II-C (combined)—8 percent coordination (sections 202(c)(1)(C) and 262(c)(1)(C) of the Act to carry out activities pursuant to section 123(d)(2)(A) of the Act);
- (3) Titles II-A and II-C (combined)—8 percent services/direct training (sections 202(c)(1)(C) and 262(c)(1)(C) of the Act to carry out activities pursuant to section 123(d)(2)(B) of the Act);
- (4) Titles II-A and II-C (combined)—8 percent services/training-related and supportive services (sections 202(c)(1)(C) and 262(c)(1)(C) of the Act to carry out activities pursuant to section 123(d)(2)(B) of the Act);
- (5) Titles II-A and II-C (combined)—8 percent services/administration (sections 202(c)(1)(C) and 262(c)(1)(C) of the Act to carry out activities pursuant to section 123(d)(2)(B) of the Act);
- (6) Titles II-A and II-C (combined)—8 percent services to disadvantaged (section 202(c)(1)(C) and 262(c)(1)(C) of the Act to carry out activities pursuant to section 123(d)(2)(C) of the Act);
- (7) Title II-A—older individuals/direct training (section 202(c)(1)(D) of the Act to carry out activities pursuant to section 204(d) of the Act);